

Pensionomics 2023

Measuring the Economic Impact of DB Pension Expenditures

Webinar

January 11, 2023



Agenda

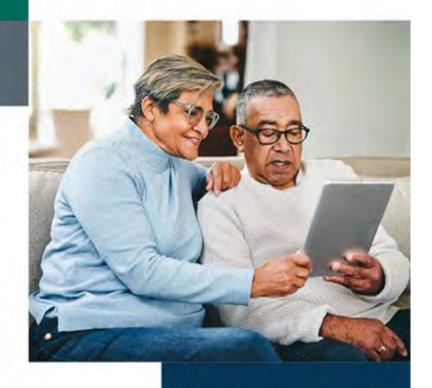
Logistics and Introductions

Research Review

Q&A

PENSIONOMICS 2023

MEASURING THE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF DB PENSION EXPENDITURES





By Ilana Bolvie and Dan Doonan

January 2023

Logistics

- Attendees in listen only mode.
- Questions welcome. Type question using "Question" function on control panel, and we will answer.
- Audio, technical issues during webinar, call GoToWebinar at 1-800-263-6317.
- Webinar replay and slides will be posted at https://www.nirsonline.org/reports/pensionomics2023/



SPEAKERS



Dan DoonanNIRS Executive Director and Report Co-Author



Ilana Boivie
Report Co-Author

Why This Report

- NIRS updates every two years its *Pensionomics* analysis that measures the economic "ripple effect" of payments from defined benefit (DB) pension plans.
- Retirees with a reliable pension can maintain spending throughout their retirement years, regardless of economic ups and downs, acting as an economic stabilizer.
- This report quantifies the economic impact of pension spending on the U.S. economy that will be constrained as the population ages.

Key Findings

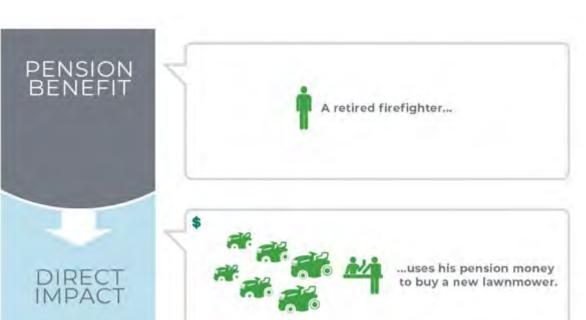
- In 2020, expenditures from public and private pension benefits supported:
 - \$1.3 trillion in economic output nationwide
 - 6.8 million jobs that paid \$422.2 billion in labor income
 - \$738.5 billion in value added nationally
 - \$157.7 billion in federal, state, and local tax revenue

Pension Plans' Economic Impact

- Pension plans can support economic activity through several channels, for example...
 - Benefit channel retirees' expenditures create incomes for others in the economy.
 - Investment channel the investment of pension assets provides capital to businesses to develop products, invest in new technologies, and create jobs.
- This study focuses on the benefit channel.

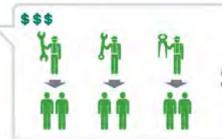
The Multiplier Effect:

How spending ripples through the economy, supporting jobs and incomes in the process









These companies hire additional employees as a result of this increased business, and those new employees spend their paychecks in the local economy.

Methodology

- **Began with benefit payment data** from the Census Bureau on state & local plans, the CPS, PBGC and 5500's for private plans, and OPM for federal plans.
- Estimated taxes paid out of benefits using data from CBO, BEA, and NCSL.
- Adjusted benefit payment data to account for migration of retirees from one state to another based upon the American Community Survey.
- Estimated the economic and tax impacts of retiree expenditures, using IMPLAN input-output modeling software and data package.

What is IMPLAN?

 Used to estimate impacts on: jobs, income, value added, total output, and tax revenue.

 An input-output modeling software and data package developed for a USDA Forest Service project, now used for many types of analysis.

Represents relationships among various sectors in the economy as a matrix
 estimates how an initial event reverberates through the economy.

Public and Private Sector Pension Benefits, 2020

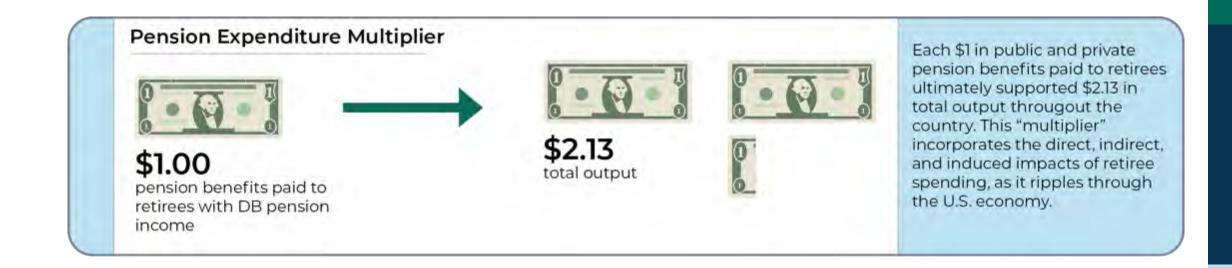
Table 1: Public and Private Sector Pension Benefits, 2020

		Federal	Private		
	State and Local		Single Employer Plans	Multiemployer Plans	Total*
Beneficiaries	11.5 million	2.7 million	6.4 million	4.0 million	24.6 millon
Average Benefit	\$29,132	\$33,125	\$21,813	\$11,934	\$24,898
Total Benefits	\$334.8 billion	\$90.3 billion	\$140.2 billion	\$47.2 billion	\$612.6 billion

Note: Author's analysis of the Annual Survey of Public Pensions, US OPM, U.S. Census Bureau, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, and IRS Form 5500 data. *Totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

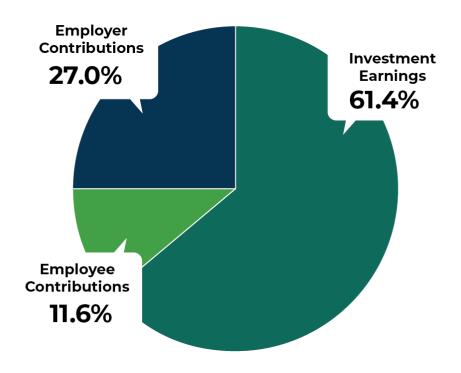
^{**}Total average benefit represents a weighted average of public and private sector benefits.

Pension Benefits More Than Double Their Impact

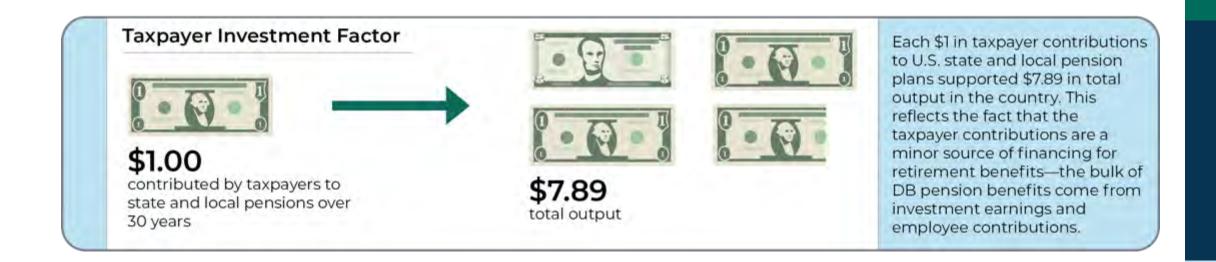


Investment Earnings Accounted for More Than 3/5 of Public Pension Revenues

Figure 1: Aggregate State and Local Pension Contributions by Source, 1993-2020



Taxpayer Dollars Generate a Significant Return on Investment



DB Pensions Support 6.8 Million American Jobs

Table 2: DB Pensions Support 6.8 Million American Jobs That Pay \$422.2 Billion in Labor Income

		Employment	Labor Income
Commissional Plans	State and Local Government	3,736,191	\$232,229,721,639
Governmental Plans	Federal Government	994,015	\$61,784,827,559
Zulandrondeze.	Multiemployer	519,379	\$32,282,920,670
Private Sector Plans	Single Employer	1,542,916	\$95,902,741,502
Total Impact	All Plans	6,792,502	\$422,200,211,371

^{*}Totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

DB Pensions Support \$1.3 Trillion in Total Economic Activity

Table 3: DB Pensions Support \$1.3 Trillion in Economic Activity and \$738.5 Billion in Value Added

		Output	Value Added
Carried Manager	State and Local Government	\$718,646,463,523	\$406,224,100,829
Governmental Plans	Federal Government	\$191,196,232,383	\$108,076,114,646
Private Sector Plans	Multiemployer	\$99,901,109,159	\$56,470,379,108
Private Sector Plans	Single Employer	\$296,775,819,806	\$167,756,326,188
Total Impact	All Plans	\$1,306,519,624,872	\$738,526,920,772

^{*}Totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

Pension Expenditures Have an Impact Across Multiple Industries

Table 6: Top Five Industries by National Employment Impact

Industry	Total # Jobs Supported	
Hospitals	336,296	
Limited-service restaurants	320,266	
Other real estate	238,861	
Full-service restaurants	227,553	
Offices of physicians	193,807	

Pension **Expenditures** Have an Impact on Workers in Multiple **Occupations**

Table 7: Top Ten Occupation Categories by National Employment Impact

Occupation Category	Wage and Salary Employment	Wage and Salary Income	Supplements to Wages and Salarles	Total Employee Compensation	Hours Worked
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	678,678	\$35,238,942,845	\$7,010,670,754	\$42,249,613,599	1,158,506,275
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	626,523	\$14,205,455,078	\$2,550,533,595	\$16,755,988,673	738,188,665
Sales and Related Occupations	612,650	\$29,155,593,836	\$5,354,263,446	\$34,509,857,282	943,933,014
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	492,232	\$22,175,442,828	\$4,669,598,456	\$26,845,041,284	855,539,059
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	421,408	\$40,420,111,463	\$8,662,109,299	\$49,082,220,762	747,310,507

National Institute on Retirement Security

DB Pensions Support \$62.9B in Federal Tax Revenue

Table 4: DB Pensions Support \$62.9 Billion in Federal Tax Revenue

	State and Local Pensions	Federal Pensions	Private Pensions		Total Federal
			Single Employer	Multiemployer	Tax Revenue*
Taxes Paid by Beneficiaries on Benefits	\$3.3 billion	\$903.3 million	\$472 million	\$1.4 billion	\$6.1 billion
Tax Revenue Resulting from Retiree Expenditures	\$31.2 billion	\$8.3 billion	\$4.3 billion	\$12.9 billion	\$56.7 billion
Total Federal Tax Revenue Impact	\$34.6 billion	\$9.2 billion	\$4.8 billion	\$14.3 billion	\$62.9 billion

^{*}Totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

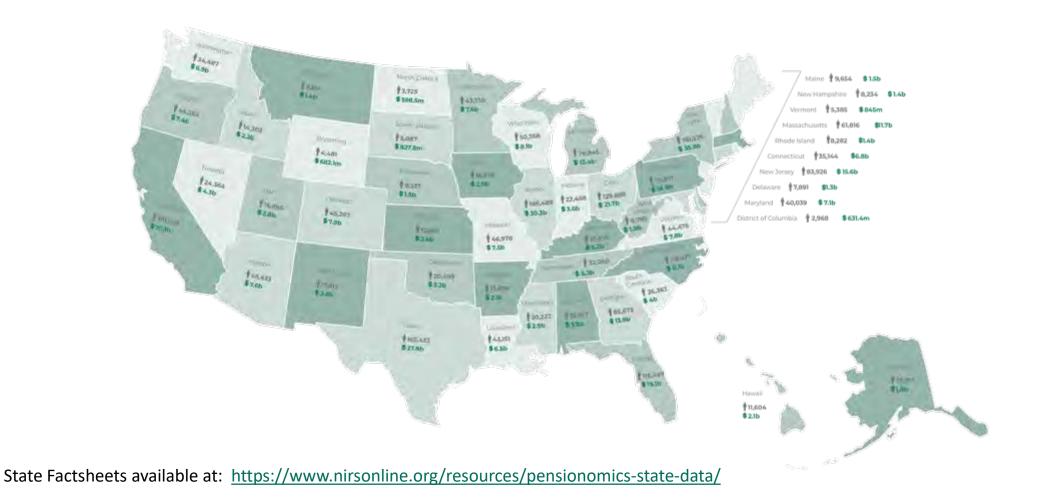
DB Pensions Support \$94.9 Billion in State and Local Tax Revenue

Table 5: DB Pensions Support \$94.9 Billion in State and Local Tax Revenue

	State and Local Pensions	Federal Pensions	Private Pensions		Total State
			Single Employer	Multiemployer	and Local Tax Revenue*
Taxes Paid by Beneficiaries on Benefits	\$4.5 billion	\$1.2 billion	\$1.9 billion	\$628.9 million	\$8.2 billion
Tax Revenue Resulting from Retiree Expenditures	\$47.7 billion	\$12.7 billion	\$19.7 billion	\$6.6 billion	\$86.7 billion
Total State and Local Tax Revenue Impact	\$52.2 billion	\$13.9 billion	\$21.6 billion	\$7.3 billion	\$94.9 billion

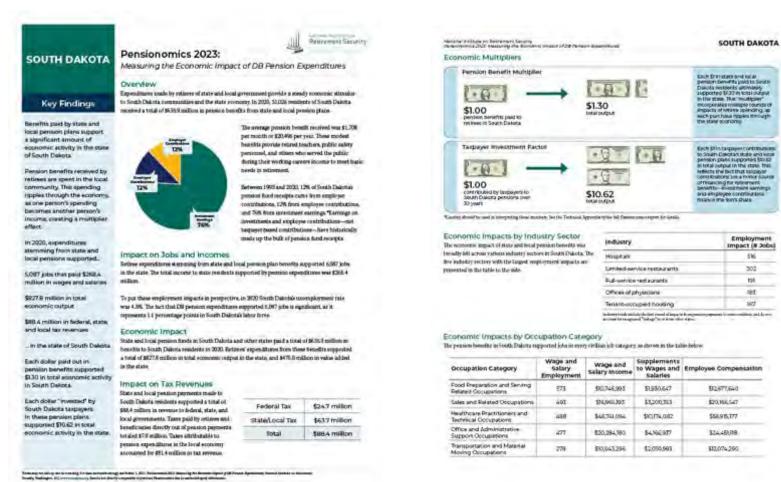
[&]quot;Totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

State-By-State Pension Impacts



National Institute on Retirement Security 20

Fact Sheets Highlight State-Specific Findings



State Factsheets available at: https://www.nirsonline.org/resources/pensionomics-state-data/

Questions



Connect With Us





