COLORADO

Key Findings

Benefits paid by state and

a significant amount of

of Colorado.

effect.

local pension plans support

economic activity in the state

Pension benefits received by retirees are spent in the local community. This spending

ripples through the economy,

as one person's spending

becomes another person's

income, creating a multiplier

Pensionomics 2023:

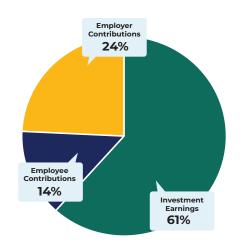
NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON Retirement Security

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Measuring the Economic Impact of DB Pension Expenditures

Overview

Expenditures made by retirees of state and local government provide a steady economic stimulus to Colorado communities and the state economy. In 2020, 155,302 residents of Colorado received a total of \$5.5 billion in pension benefits from state and local pension plans.



The average pension benefit received was \$2,940 per month or \$35,282 per year. These modest benefits provide retired teachers, public safety personnel, and others who served the public during their working careers income to meet basic needs in retirement.

Between 1993 and 2020, 24% of Colorado's pension fund receipts came from employer contributions, 14% from employee contributions, and 61% from investment earnings.* Earnings on investments and employee contributions—not taxpayer based contributions—have historically made up the bulk of pension fund receipts.

In 2020, expenditures stemming from state and

local pensions supported...
45,267 jobs that paid \$2.6

billion in wages and salaries

\$7.9 billion in total economic output

\$1.0 billion in federal, state, and local tax revenues

... in the state of Colorado.

Each dollar paid out in pension benefits supported \$1.44 in total economic activity in Colorado.

Each dollar "invested" by Colorado taxpayers in these pension plans supported \$5.93 in total economic activity in the state.

Impact on Jobs and Incomes

Retiree expenditures stemming from state and local pension plan benefits supported 45,267 jobs in the state. The total income to state residents supported by pension expenditures was \$2.6 billion.

To put these employment impacts in perspective, in 2020 Colorado's unemployment rate was 6.9%. The fact that DB pension expenditures supported 45,267 jobs is significant, as it represents 1.5 percentage points in Colorado's labor force.

Economic Impact

State and local pension funds in Colorado and other states paid a total of \$5.5 billion in benefits to Colorado residents in 2020. Retirees' expenditures from these benefits supported a total of \$7.9 billion in total economic output in the state, and \$4.6 billion in value added in the state.

Impact on Tax Revenues

State and local pension payments made to Colorado residents supported a total of \$1.0 billion in revenue to federal, state, and local governments. Taxes paid by retirees and beneficiaries directly out of pension payments totaled \$114.5 million. Taxes attributable to pension expenditures in the local economy accounted for \$888.2 million in tax revenue.

| Federal Tax | \$378.6 million | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| State/Local Tax | \$624 million | |
| Total | \$1 billion | |

Economic Multipliers

Pension Benefit Multiplier





retirees in Colorado







Each \$1 in state and local pension benefits paid to Colorado residents ultimately supported \$1.44 in total output in the state. This "multiplier" incorporates multiple rounds of impacts of retiree spending, as each purchase ripples through the state economy.

Taxpayer Investment Factor











Each \$1 in taxpayer contributions to Colorado's state and local pension plans supported \$5.93 in total output in the state. This reflects the fact that taxpayer contributions are a minor source of financing for retirement benefits—investment earnings and employee contributions finance the lion's share.

Economic Impacts by Industry Sector

The economic impact of state and local pension benefits was broadly felt across various industry sectors in Colorado. The five industry sectors with the largest employment impacts are presented in the table to the side.

| Industry | Employment Impact (# Jobs) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Limited-service restaurants | 2,734 |
| Full-service restaurants | 1,912 |
| Hospitals | 1,759 |
| Other real estate | 1,693 |
| Retail- food and beverage stores | 1,279 |

Industry totals include the first round of impacts from pension payments to state residents, and do not account for recaptured "leakage" to or from other states.

Economic Impacts by Occupation Category

The pension benefits in Colorado supported jobs in every civilian job category, as shown in the table below.

| Occupation Category | Wage and Salary Employment | Wage and Salary Income | Supplements to Wages and Salaries | Employee Compensation |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations | 5,025 | \$123,310,478 | \$21,906,946 | \$145,217,424 |
| Sales and Related Occupations | 4,430 | \$200,395,220 | \$36,788,863 | \$237,184,084 |
| Office and Administrative Support Occupations | 4,172 | \$217,095,374 | \$42,507,885 | \$259,603,259 |
| Transportation and Material Moving Occupations | 2,984 | \$133,440,828 | \$27,327,932 | \$160,768,761 |
| Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations | 2,553 | \$248,282,061 | \$52,806,710 | \$301,088,772 |

^{*}Caution should be used in interpreting these numbers. See the Technical Appendix of the full Pensionomics report for details.